## 2020 CANADA - UNITED STATES- MEXICO AGREEMENT "CUSMA" **CERTIFICATE** 1. EXPORTER 2. DATE **COMPANY NAME: BLANKET** ADDRESS: BLANKET PERIOD (YYYY/MM/DD) FROM: TO: PHONE: Single-Use EMAIL: INVOICE #: Unknown 4. IMPORTER 3. PRODUCER (if other than Exporter) **COMPANY NAME: COMPANY NAME:** ADDRESS: ADDRESS: PHONE: PHONE: EMAIL: EMAIL: **Various** Available upon request by the importing authorities 7. ORIGIN 8. COUNTRY 6. HS Tariff CLASSIFICATION 5. PART NUMBER & COMMODITY DESCRIPTION **CRITERION OF ORIGIN** 9. CERTIFIER STATEMENT \* I certify that the goods described in this document qualify as originating in accordance and that the information contained in this document is true and \* I assume responsibility for proving such representations and agree to maintain and present to a Party's customs authority upon request, or to make available during a verification visit, documentation necessary to support this certification. This certificate consists of: pages, including all attachments. 10. CERTIFIER NAME & CONTACT INFORMATION 11. CERTIFIER'S SIGNATURE NAME: TITLE: COMPANY: 12. DATE OF COMPLETION (YYYY/MM/DD) PHONE: EMAIL:

## Instructions:

- 1) Exporter's information. The address shall be the place of export. Can be marked *unknown* if exporter is not known
- 2) Blanket period must not exceed 1 year ie 20/01/01 20/12/31. If blanket period is not applicable, indicate applicable invoice number.
- 3) Producer's information. If various or to be kept confidential, check off "Available upon request by the importing authorities".
- 4) Importer's information. If not know, various may be indicated. This field is NOT for Importer of Record.
- 5) The description should be sufficient to relate it to the goods covered by the certification.
- 6) H.S. code of the described goods to the first 6 digits. If unknown, please contact us for HS code(s).
- 7) For each commodity described in the certification, state which criterion (A through D) is applicable. The rules of origin are contained in Chapter Four, Article 4.2 of the CUSMA.

Note: If the item does not meet the applicable Rule of Origin for CUSMA (not eligible good), CUSMA not applicable.

In order to be entitled to preferential tariff treatment, each good must meet at least one of the criteria below: A, B, C, or D

- 8) Country of Origin must be Canada, U.S., or Mexico.
- 9) Please enter how many pages to this certificate.
- 10 12) Information and signature from certifier.

\*\* Certificate is provided for convenience thus certifier is responsible for the accuracy of the information provided on this certificate.

## **Article 4.2: Originating Goods**

Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, each Party shall provide that a good is originating if it is:

- (a) wholly obtained or produced entirely in the territory of one or more of the Parties, as defined in Article 4.3 (Wholly Obtained or Produced Goods);
- **(b)** produced entirely in the territory of one or more of the Parties using non-originating materials provided the good satisfies all applicable requirements of Annex 4-B (Product-Specific Rules of Origin);
- (c) produced entirely in the territory of one or more of the Parties exclusively from originating materials; or
- (d) except for a good provided for in Chapter 61 to 63 of the Harmonized System:
  - (i) produced entirely in the territory of one or more of the Parties;
  - (ii) one or more of the non-originating materials provided for as parts under the Harmonized System used in the production of the good cannot satisfy the requirements set out in Annex 4-B (Product-Specific Rules of Origin) because both the good and its materials are classified in the same subheading or same heading that is not further subdivided into subheadings or, the good was imported into the territory of a Party in an unassembled or a disassembled form but was classified as an assembled good pursuant to rule 2(a) of the General Rules of Interpretation of the Harmonized System; and
  - (iii) the regional value content of the good, determined in accordance with Article 4.5 (Regional Value Content), is not less than 60 percent if the transaction value method is used, or not less than 50 percent if the net cost method is used;

and the good satisfies all other applicable requirements of this Chapter.

## **Article 4.3: Wholly Obtained or Produced Goods**

For the purposes of Article 4.2 (Originating Goods), a good is wholly obtained or produced entirely in the territory of one or more of the Parties if it is:

- (a) a mineral good or other naturally occurring substance extracted or taken from there;
- **(b)** a plant, plant good, vegetable, or fungus, grown, cultivated, harvested, picked, or gathered there:
- (c) a live animal born and raised there:
- (d) a good obtained from a live animal there;
- (e) an animal obtained by hunting, trapping, fishing, gathering, or capturing there;
- (f) a good obtained from aguaculture there:
- (g) fish, shellfish, or other marine life taken from the sea, seabed or subsoil outside the territories of the Parties and, under international law, outside the territorial sea of non-Parties, by vessels that are registered, listed, or recorded with a Party and entitled to fly the flag of that Party;
- **(h)** a good produced from goods referred to in subparagraph (g) on board a factory ship that is registered, listed, or recorded with a Party and entitled to fly the flag of that Party;
- (i) a good other than fish, shellfish, and other marine life taken by a Party or a person of a Party from the seabed or subsoil outside the territories of the Parties, provided that Party has the right to exploit that seabed or subsoil;
- (j) waste and scrap derived from:
  - (i) production there, or
  - (ii) used goods collected there, provided the goods are fit only for the recovery of raw materials; and
  - **(k)** a good produced there, exclusively from goods referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (j), or from their derivatives, at any stage of production.